

Exam. Code : 103205

Subject Code : 1203

B.A./B.Sc. 5th Semester

MATHEMATICS

Paper—II

(Number Theory)

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—50

Note :— Attempt five questions in all selecting at least two questions from each Section.

SECTION—A

- I. (a) If $4x - y$ is a multiple of 3, show that $4x^2 + 7xy - 2y^2$ is divisible by 9. 5
- (b) Show that the product of m consecutive integers is divisible by \underline{m} . 5
- II. (a) Show that if x and y are odd integers, then $16 \mid (x^4 + y^4 - 2)$. 5
- (b) If a, b are any two integers, not both zero, and m is a positive integer, prove that $\gcd(ma, mb) = m \cdot \gcd(a, b)$. 5
- III. (a) Find all integers x, y such that $147x + 258y = 369$. 5
- (b) For any prime $p > 3$, prove that $p^2 - 1$ is divisible by 24. 5

- IV. (a) If $a \equiv b \pmod{m}$ and $c \equiv d \pmod{m}$, prove that $a + c \equiv (b + d) \pmod{m}$ and $ac \equiv bd \pmod{m}$. 5
- (b) Show that any positive integer of the form $3K + 2$ has a prime factor of the form $3K + 2$. 5
- V. (a) Show that for every prime $p > 5$, either $p^2 - 1$ or $p^2 + 1$ is divisible by 10. 5
- (b) Solve $140x \equiv 133 \pmod{301}$. 5

SECTION—B

- VI. (a) Find the least positive integer which when divided by 5, 6, 7 gives remainder 3, 1, 4 respectively. 5
- (b) If $\text{g.c.d.}(a, 133) = \text{g.c.d.}(b, 133) = 1$, prove that $a^{18} \equiv b^{18} \pmod{133}$. 5
- VII. (a) Show that 19 is a prime using converse of Wilson's theorem. 5
- (b) Find remainder when $\underline{15}$ is divided by 17. 5
- VIII. (a) For even integer n , prove that $\phi(2n) = 2\phi(n)$ where $\phi(n)$ is Euler's phi-function. 5
- (b) If $n+2, n$ both are primes, then show that $\phi(n+2) = \phi(n)+2$. 5
- IX. (a) Show that $a^{560} \equiv 1 \pmod{561}$ if $\text{g.c.d.}(a, 561) = 1$, however 561 is not a prime. 5
- (b) Find n such that $\phi(n) = 97$. 5
- X. (a) If x and y are real numbers, prove that :
 $[x] + [y] \leq [x+y]$. 5
- (b) Find a positive integer n such that :
 $\mu(n) + \mu(n+1) + \mu(n+2) = 3$. 5